WORKFORCE OBSERVATIONS FOR WESTERN WISCONSIN COUNTIES AUGUST 2001



State of Wisconsin

Department of Workforce Development

Higher Unemployment Rates

A note to subscribers of the <u>Western Wisconsin</u> Employment Review/Labor Market Review:

The new Workforce Observations for Western Wisconsin Counties supercedes the Employment Review/Labor Market Review as a current and timely labor market information source for the eight county Western Wisconsin region. The data reported in the new version will be for the month previous to the publication date, e. g., this August 2001 issue will report local area data for the month of July 2001. In the previous format, the reported data lagged two calendar months. We are confident that this will serve as a more timely compendium of local labor market and other economic information.

Workforce Observations condenses from four pages to a two-page format. Volume and issue number will no longer be contained as the review will be labeled only by month and year. The most current labor force and non-farm wage and salary employment figures will continue to be displayed comparing month-ago and yearago figures. Analysis of the current labor market will be also be offered along with the data. This will be mailed

roughly the last week of every month within days of the official release of the labor force data.

July Labor Scene

The seasonally adjusted unemployment rate for the La Crosse Metropolitan Area was unchanged during July at 3.4 percent. The present rate is one-tenth of a percentage point higher than The July 2000 rate of 3.5 percent.

Seasonal unemployment rates at both the state and county Minnesota state and as compared to the same month last year. Increases in the La Crosse Metro unemployment rate as compared to last year have been less dramatic than changes at the state or national level largely because of La Crosse's more diverse industrial base. Layoffs mer have been primarily in the manufacturing sector this year. La Crosse's more diversified industrial base lessens the impact of layoffs in any one sector.

The unadjusted unemployment rate for Western Wisconsin is up 0.4 percentage points as compared to last

July. The increase in unemployment in Western Wisconsin reflects what is occurring in the rest of the state only the changes are more somewhat less dramatic. Much of the increase in unemployment statewide was related to a greater number of layoffs in manufacturing due to a decline in the demand for manufactured goods. La Crosse and Monroe Counties, together comprising 54 percent of Western Wisconsin's labor force, have economically diverse local economies and layoffs in manufacturing are less detrimental.

The two counties in Western Wisconsin with the highest percentage of manufacturing employment, Juneau and Trempealeau and Juneau, are also posting unemployment rates much higher than were recorded in July 2000. Trempealeau's rate is 0.7 percentage points higher, and Juneau's is 1.2 percent higher than in the same month a year ago.

Even with the recent reductions in manufacturing employment, the number of jobs in the region remains greater than one year ago and the number of employed

residents is higher. Out of a total labor force in July 2001 of about 160,000 roughly 153,200 were employed and 6,500 were unemployed, and that produced an unemployment rate of 4.1 percent. In July of 2000, the region's unadjusted unemployment rate was 3.7 percent.

3.7 percent.

The year-to-year increase in the Western Wisconsin labor force was just over 8,100. According to the Nonfarm Wage and Salary survey, there were about 2,500

more jobs located in the eight

county area this July. Offsetting losses of almost 1,100 in manufacturing jobs, were notable gains of 1,200 in retail, 900 in services, 250 in construction, and 300 in transportation.

Labor Force Estimates (Seasonally Adjusted) LaCrosse Wisconsin United States (000s) (000s)MSA* Current month: July 2001 Civilian Labor Force 75,300 3,056.9 141,774 **Employment** 72,800 2,923.2 135,379 2.500 6.395 Unemployment 133.7 **Unemployment rate** 3.4% 4.4% 4.5% Change from one month ago Civilian Labor Force 1,600 5.9 420 Employment 1,600 5.7 (27) Unemployment 0.2 Unemployment rate 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Change from one year ago 3.500 124.5 1.228 Employment 3,300 99.9 481 Unemployment 200 24.6 0.5% Unemployment rate 0.1% 0.7%

In the eight county Western Wisconsin area, government employment fell by roughly 1,600 in July 2001, as compared to June 2001. Its unlikely that any sizeable portion of this decrease was due to permanent declines in staffing levels. Most of these layoffs were due to school year employees leaving work for summer break.

	Ruffalo	7524572	Jackson	- Incan	a Crosse	2000	Trompologic	50.500	0025	Wissonia
Civilian Labor Force*	8,457	10,889	13,022	11,049	63,792	21,919	15,648	14,929	150	3,128,287
Employed	8,151	10,440	12,533	10,198	61,649	20,975	14,929	14,361	153,236	2,990,451
Unemployed	306	449	489	851	2,143	944	719	568	6,469	137,836
Unemployment rate	3.6%	4.1%	3.8%	7.7%	3.4%	4.3%	4.6%	3.8%	4.1%	4.4%
otal, all industries**	4,928	8,084	9,070	9,073	69,040	18,378	12,716	8,410	139,699	2,855,612
Construction & Mining	158	251	1,121	352	-			\vdash	N	141,
Manufacturing	308	1,940	1,025	2,788	9,950	3,379	5,500	967	25,857	601,202
Transportation & Public Utilities	1,815	231	711	319	, 1	`	585	350	, 2	4,
Wholesale Trade	185	180	111	195	4,680	917	426	514	7,208	140,389
Retail Trade	666	2,388	1,472	1,660	14,180	4,026	1,492	1,743	27,627	504,323
Finance,Insurance,Real Estate	157	208	234	240	3,000	622	317	388	1	154,325
Services	817	1,926	1,298	1,622	22,250	3,012	1,939	2,227	35,091	797,131
Government	822	960	3,098	1,897	8,930	4,623	2,012	1,808	24,150	382,656
			Change	from previous	vious month					
Civilian Labor Force*	- 3 0	77	-207	7 3		308	-130	-286	839	13,736
Employed	14	178	-161	174	1,176	313	- 55	-210	1,429	17,514
Unemployed	-44	-101	-46	-101	-142	l G	- 75	-76	-590	-3,778
Unemployment rate	-0.5%	-1.0%	-0.3%	-1.0%	-0.2%	-0.1%	-0.4%	-0.4%	-0.4%	-0.1%
otal, all industries**	-261	-33	-330	- 3 0	110	-101	-353	-327	-1325	-26,643
Construction & Mining	- 5	0	19	- 1	100	21	14	7	155	3,887
Manufacturing	-1	-31	-15	- 4	- 70	-36	2	1	-154	1,670
Transportation & Public Utilities	- 48	- 9	- 3	- 7	20	7	- 20	7	- 53	-3,271
Wholesale Trade	- 9	4	1	3	120	16	0	0	135	952
Retail Trade	-24	105	19	8	50	-7	- 8	3	146	-1,384
Finance,Insurance,Real Estate	1	-1	-1	3	20	3	- 4	2	23	1,003
	1	16	52	- 5	10	-26	- 35	-32	-19	759
Government	-176	-117	-402	-27	-140	-79	-302	-315	-1558	-30,259
			Cha	Change from	year ago					
Civilian Labor Force*	560 400	517 459	985 907	472 309	3,016 2,746	1,288	5 6 0 0 4 0	580 4	8,141 7,249	124,357
Unemployed	91	5 8	78	163	270	49	129	54	892	25,383
Unemployment rate	0.9%	0.4%	0.3%	1.2%	0.3%	0.0%	0.7%	0.2%	0.4%	0.7%
otal, all industries**	227	77	395	-21	1,330	516	- 6	7	2,524	897
Construction & Mining	7	13	162	- 1	-10	45	17	8	240	9 2
Manufacturing	-10	-137	23	-223	-580	-118	-87	41	-1,091	-24,751
Transportation & Public Utilities	180	58	-28	2	60	3	12	- 3	283	2,075
Wholesale Trade	- 2	0	- 0	- 3 0	280	54	- 0	-11	290	-745
Retail Trade	35	260	8	8	390	454	- 3 0	31	1,155	3,443
Finance,Insurance,Real Estate	3	6	- 4	3	230	27	1	16	283	3,832
	25	74	147	-12	600	-34	-29	136	908	14,989
	- 1 3	-197	88	232	360	œ Մ	112	-211	457	1,962